

RESULTS CALL PRESENTATION

2Q22 and 1H22 Performance

16 August 2022

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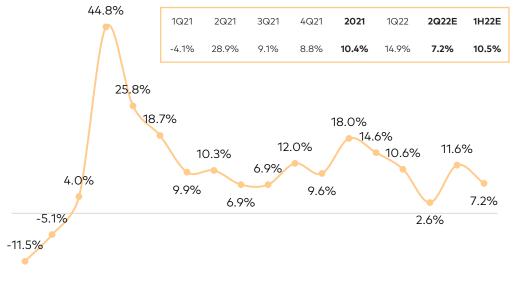
Disclaimer – forward looking statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, statements concerning expectations, projections, objectives, targets, goals, strategies, future events, future revenues or performance, capital expenditures, financing needs, plans or intentions relating to acquisitions, competitive strengths and weaknesses, plans or goals relating to financial position and future operations and development. Although Bank of Georgia Group PLC believes that the expectations and opinions reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations and opinions will prove to have been correct. By their nature, these forward-looking statements are subject to a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and contingencies, and actual results and events could differ materially from those currently being anticipated as reflected in such statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in forward-looking statements, certain of which are beyond our control, include, among other things: macro risk, including domestic instability; regional instability risk; credit risk; liquidity and funding risk; capital risk; market risk; regulatory and legal risk; financial crime risk; information security and data protection risks; operational risk; human capital risk; COVID-19 pandemic risk; model risk; climate change risk; and other key factors that could adversely affect our business and financial performance, as indicated elsewhere in this document and in past and future filings and reports of the Group, including the 'Principal risks and uncertainties' included in Bank of Georgia Group PLC's Annual Report and Accounts 2021 and in 2Q22 and 1H22 results announcement. No part of this document constitutes, or shall be taken to constitute, an invitation or inducement to invest in Bank of Georgia Group PLC or any other entity within the Group, and must not be relied upon in any way in connection with any investment decision. Bank of Georgia Group PLC and other entities within the Group undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except to the extent legally required. Nothing in this document should be construed as a profit forecast.

- MACROECONOMIC HIGHLIGHTS
- **GROUP OVERVIEW AND STRATEGY**
- 2Q22 and 1H22 RESULTS

Strong growth momentum in 1H22

Real GDP y-o-y growth: preliminary estimate



Jan-21 Feb-21 Apr-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Sep-21 Oct-21 Jan-22 Feb-22 May-22 Apr-22 Jun-22 Jun-22

Key drivers:

- Continued recovery of tourism revenues, resilient inflows from exports and remittances
- Increased activity in the transportation, real estate, and hospitality sectors

In 2Q22:

- Export of goods up 29.8% y-o-y (35.7% y-o-y growth in 1H22)
- Remittances up 112.7% y-o-y (65.0% y-o-y growth in 1H22)
- Tourism revenues recovered to 85.3% of the 2019 level (78.5% recovery in 1H22)

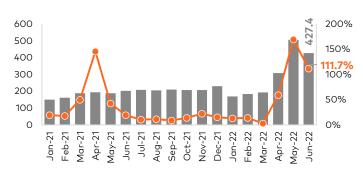
Strong external inflows underpinning growth momentum

Exports of goods

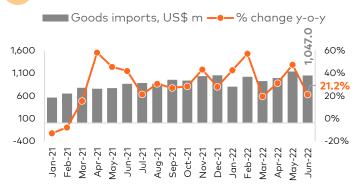


Remittances

Remittances inflow, US\$ m



Imports of goods



Tourism inflows



Reasonably optimistic economic outlook

Georgia's economic growth forecast



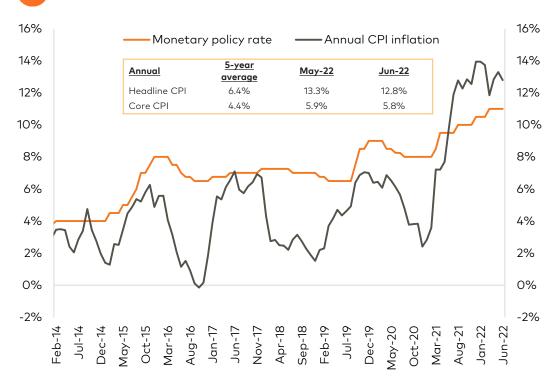
- Considering stronger-than-expected growth in the first half of the year and promising preliminary data, Galt & Taggart has revised 2022 real GDP growth forecast up to 9.2%
- Ongoing war in Ukraine and global recession fears remain downside risks to growth

2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022F2023F

Source: GeoStat, Galt & Taggart.

Inflation is high, largely driven by global commodity price pressures

Monetary policy remains tight to curb inflation pressures



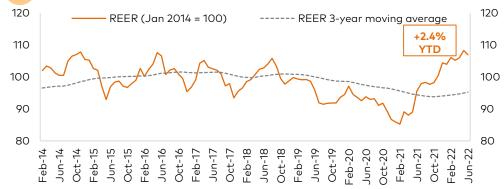
- Although current inflation is mainly driven by globally elevated food and energy prices, demand-side price pressures have also intensified. To curb inflation expectations, the NBG maintains tight monetary policy with the refinancing rate at 11% since March 2022
- Inflation is expected to moderate in the second half of 2022

GEL supported by sustained FX inflows and tight monetary policy

Currency movements vs. US\$, Jan 2022 – Jul 2022



GEL real effective exchange rate



- GEL continues to appreciate on the back of strong external inflows, tight monetary policy and improved sentiments. As of 31 July 2022, the Georgian currency gained 12.0% against the US Dollar year-to-date
- Given strong external inflows and tight monetary policy, GEL is expected to remain stable in the medium term

Source: Bloomberg, NBG.

Note: +/- means appreciation/depreciation.

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Bank of Georgia Group at a glance





Mass Retail

Premium Banking

MSME



Leader in payments and financial mobile app

- 52.3% of total volume of POS payment transactions in Georgia executed in BOG's POS terminals in 2Q22 (vs 48.0% in 2Q21)
- Number of monthly active digital users increased from 729k to 959k y-o-y and the share of monthly active digital users in total active individual clients increased y-o-y by 8.3 ppts to 64.3%
- 53.9% of total transactions in the second quarter went through mBank/iBank, up 8.3 ppts y-o-y

Strongest retail banking franchise

- 42.4% market share in deposits of individuals*
- 39.0% market share in loans to individuals*
- Most trusted bank and top of mind bank in Georgia**
- NPS of 52% in June 2022***

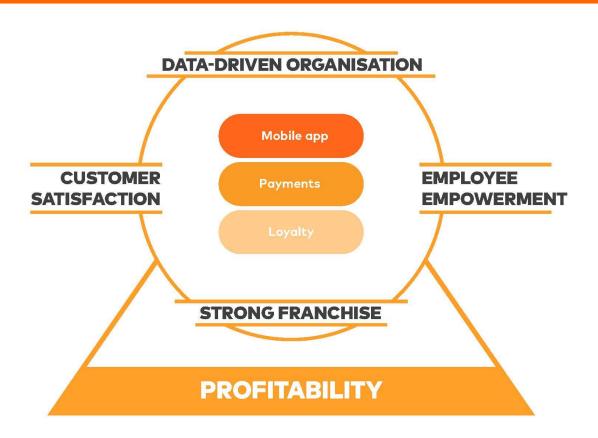
Robust profitability

Sustainably delivering ROAE above 20%

^{*} Based on data published by the National Bank of Georgia as at 30 June 2022.

^{**} Based on spring 2022 external research by IPM Georgia.

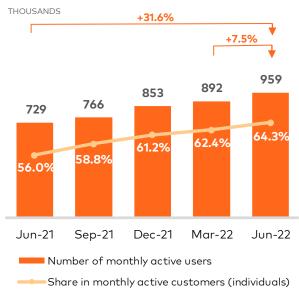
^{***} Based on 2Q22 external research by IPM Georgia.



Fulfilling the needs of customers digitally and increasing engagement

MBANK/IBANK*

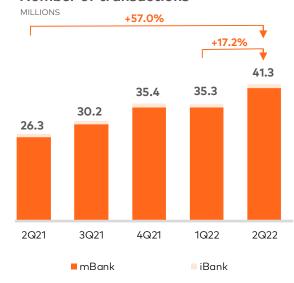
Number of monthly active users**



Daily active users/ monthly active users



Number of transactions



Average number of transactions per month in mBank





Best Mobile Banking App in Central and Eastern Europe (Global Finance, 2022)





Customer Satisfaction Score

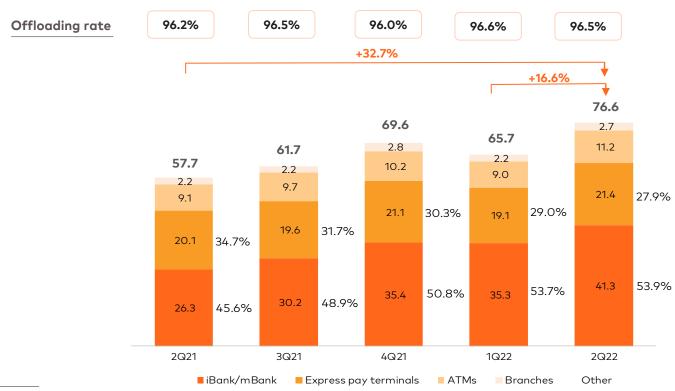
91%

^{*} Information on this slide depicts the use of mobile and internet banking platforms by individual clients.

^{**} Monthly active user – at least one login within the past month in mBank or iBank.

Increasing the share of mBank/iBank transactions*

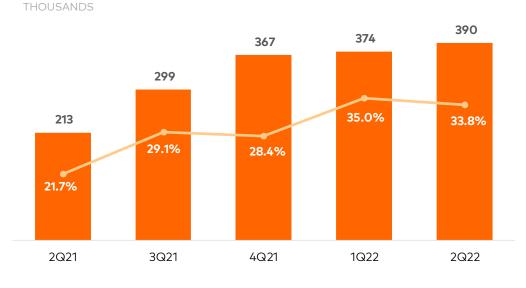
NUMBER OF TRANSACTIONS MILLIONS



^{*} Information on this slide depicts the use of channels by individual clients.

Good progress in product offloading to digital channels

PRODUCT OFFLOADING*





- Continuously developing our digital products and refining end-to-end digital journeys. The functionalities of our digital channels are updated every two to three weeks
- Redesigned deposit activation flow launched at the end of 2021
- Offers Hub added to our mobile app at the end of 2021, with personalised offers driven by our recommendation engine
- Insurance marketplace launched in the first quarter of 2022

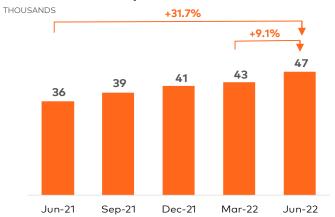


^{*} Mainly comprises card, deposit, and loan activations in digital channels.

Full digital experience for our business customers

BUSINESS MBANK/IBANK STATISTICS*

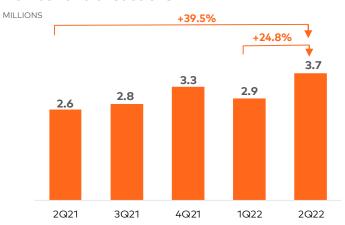
Number of monthly active users**





* Information on this slide depicts the use of internet and mobile banking platforms by legal entities.

Number of transactions





^{**}Monthly active user – at least one login within the past month in Business mBank or iBank.

Number of transactions in Business mBank/iBank has been corrected for 3Q21, 4Q21, and 1Q22.

Payments - our daily touch point with customers

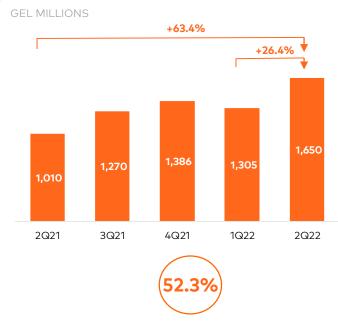
NUMBER OF PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS



Share by number of POS payment transactions in BOG's POS terminals | 2Q22*

+4.4 ppts YoY

VOLUME OF PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS



Share by volume of POS payment transactions in BOG's POS terminals | 2Q22*

+4.3 ppts YoY

^{*} Based on the National Bank of Georgia and Bank of Georgia data.

FOCUS ON INCREASING CUSTOMER SATISFACTION BY:

Engaging with customers **proactively** and responding in real time

Anticipating customer needs, wants, and future behavior

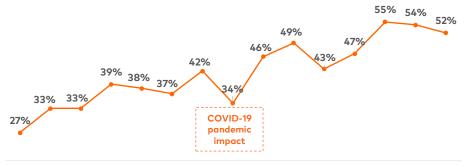
Harnessing strong human relationships with **data analytics** for dynamic customer insights

Investing in **technology** to deliver **seamless customer experience**









Mar-17 Oct-17 May-18 Sep-18 Jun-19 Nov-19 Feb-20 Aug-20 Dec-20 Mar-21 Jun-21** Sep-21 Dec-21 Mar-22 Jun-22

 $^{^{\}star}\,$ Based on external research by IPM Georgia.

^{**} NPS of all major banks decreased due to monetary policy rate hike.

- MACROECONOMIC HIGHLIGHTS
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- 2Q22 and 1H22 RESULTS

Strong top-line

Profit

GEL 275m

+36.3% y-o-y

+14.5% q-o-q

+51.3% y-o-y

Outstanding

profitability

Resilient loan portfolio quality and focus on efficiency

Solid portfolio growth

Robust capital base and liquidity position

Operating income

GEL 495m

GEL 891m

+47.7% y-o-y +25.0% q-o-q

GEL 516m

+39.5% y-o-y

Cost of credit risk ratio

0.6%

1H

1H

0.7%

Loans

30 Jun 2022

GEL 16.3bn

+10.2% y-o-y * +0.1% q-o-q *

CET 1 capital

30 Jun 2022

14.0%

Minimum requirement 11 7%

Share of noninterest income

43,2% **2Q** 37.9%

1H

1H

ROAE

32.8%

31.8%

1H

1H

Cost to income

32.5%

33.6%

Deposits

30 Jun 2022

GEL 15.1bn

+8.3% y-o-y ** +4.0% a-o-a ** Liquidity coverage

30 Jun 2022

113.5%

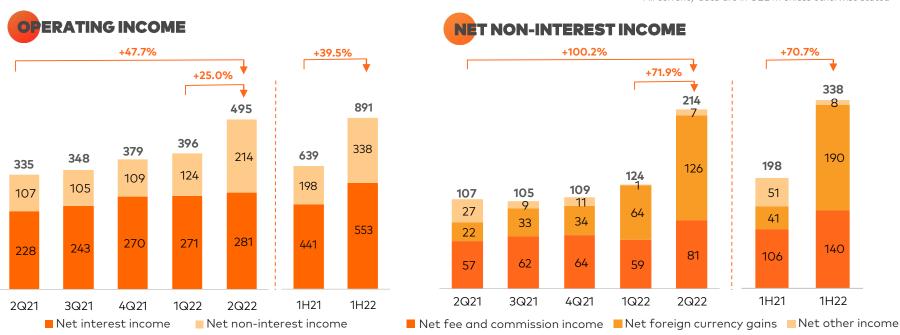
Minimum requirement 100%

^{*} Growth on a constant currency basis was 17.8% y-o-y and 4.3% g-o-g.

^{**} Growth on a constant currency basis was 16.0% y-o-y and 9.1% a-o-a.

Robust underlying performance



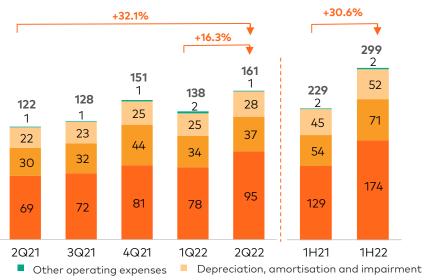


 Strong y-o-y top-line results in 2Q22 and 1H22 across revenue lines, and the q-o-q performance particularly robust on net fee and commission income and net foreign currency gain side, reflecting higher client-related volumes on the back on increased tourism and migrant flows and higher spreads due to exchange rate volatility

Investing in strategic areas and focusing on efficiency

OPERATING EXPENSES



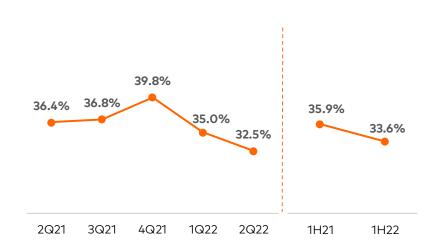




Salaries and other employee benefits

Positive operating leverage in 2Q22 and 1H22

Administrative expenses



c.35% Medium-term guidance

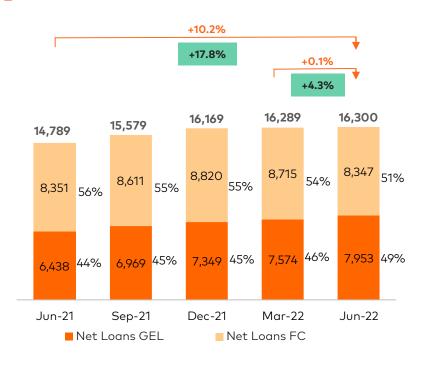
All currency data are in GEL m unless otherwise stated

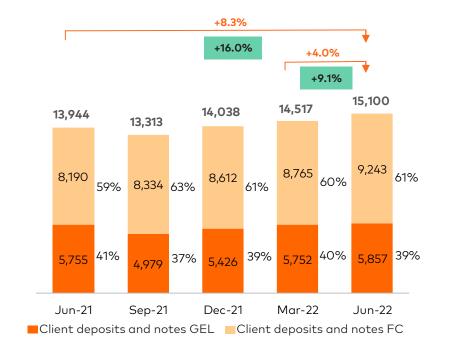
Solid loan and deposit growth





All currency data are in GEL m unless otherwise stated



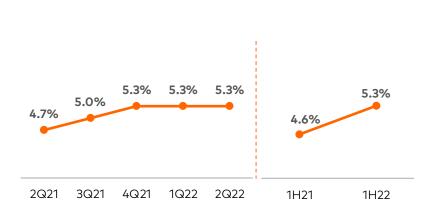


Growth on a constant currency basis

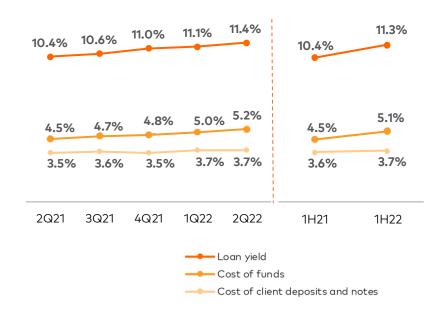
Net interest margin – broadly stable going forward

NET INTEREST MARGIN

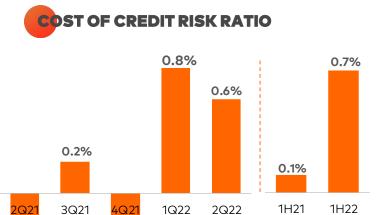
LOAN YIELD, COST OF FUNDS, COST OF DEPOSITS







Healthy loan portfolio



- Cost of credit risk down in the second quarter of 2022 vs 1Q22, with RB's cost of credit risk stabilised during 2Q22, as expected
- NPLs to gross loans broadly stable

-0.6%

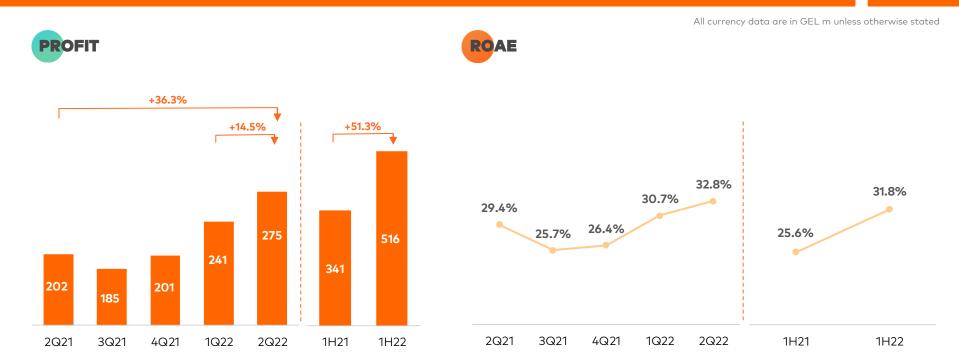
-0.2%

All currency data are in GEL m unless otherwise stated

LOAN PORTFOLIO QUALITY

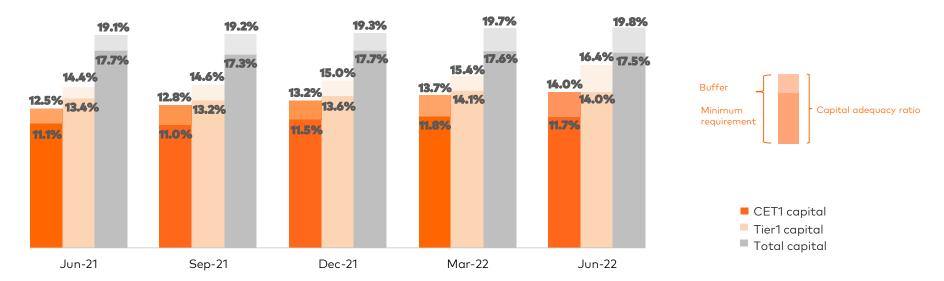


Strong bottom-line growth and robust profitability



Strong capital position, with ratios comfortably above minimum requirements

Capital adequacy ratios and minimum requirements



Capital distribution:

- On 30 June 2022, the Board announced the commencement of a GEL 72.7 million share buyback and cancellation programme which, on top of the total dividends paid in respect of the Group's 2021 earnings, increased the total dividend/share buyback payout ratio, relating to 2021 earnings, to 35.0%. This amount is fully deducted from regulatory capital as at 30 June 2022
- Considering the Group's strong performance during the first half of 2022, the Board has decided to declare an interim dividend of GEL 1.85 per ordinary share in respect of the period ended 30 June 2022, payable to ordinary shareholders of Bank of Georgia Group PLC on 20 October 2022. In addition, after the completion of the current GEL 72.7 million share buyback and cancellation programme, the Board will extend the programme by a further GEL 40 million

Evolution of capital ratios and update on minimum capital requirements

EVOLUTION OF CAPITAL RATIOS DURING 2Q22

| | 31 March 2022 | 2Q22 profit | Business growth | Currency impact | Capital distribution | Capital facility impact | 30 June 2022 | Potential impact of a 10% GEL devaluation |
|-------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| CET1 capital adequacy ratio | 13.7% | 1.0% | -0.4% | 0.5% | -0.8% | 0.0% | 14.0% | -0.9% |
| Tier I capital adequacy ratio | 15.4% | 1.0% | -0.5% | 0.5% | -0.8% | 0.8% | 16.4% | -0.8% |
| Total capital adequacy ratio | 19.7% | 1.0% | -0.6% | 0.4% | -0.8% | 0.1% | 19.8% | -0.7% |

EXPECTED MINIMUM CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS FOR 2022-2023

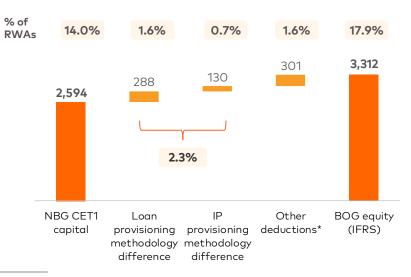
Bank of Georgia's minimum capital requirements, reflecting the full loading of Basel III capital requirements, to be completed in 2023, which remain subject to ongoing annual regulatory reviews, are currently expected to be as follows:

| CET1 capital | |
|----------------|--|
| Tier I capital | |
| Total capital | |

| Dec-22 requirement | Dec-23 requirement | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| 11.8% | 12.1% | | | |
| 14.1% | 14.5% | | | |
| 17.6% | 17.6% | | | |

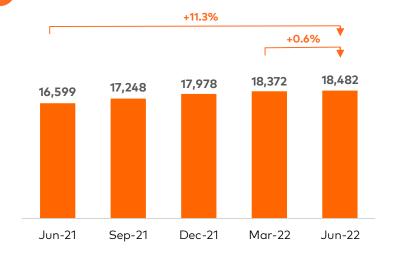
Strong capital adequacy position

BOG EQUITY VS. CET1 REGULATORY CAPITAL -JUN-22



All currency data are in GEL m unless otherwise stated





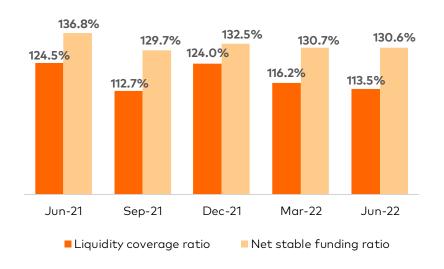
- Existing additional capital buffer (2.3% of risk-weighted assets) reflects the differences in provisioning methodology between IFRS 9 and the NBG
- The NBG is currently transitioning to IFRS-based financial reporting

^{*} Revaluation reserve, investments in non-financial subsidiaries and intangible assets.

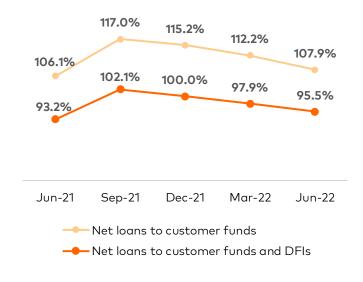
Strong liquidity and funding positions

LIQUIDITY COVERAGE AND NET STABLE FUNDING RATIOS

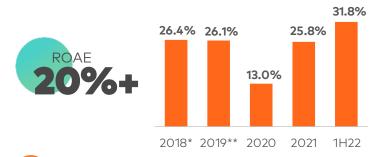
JSC Bank of Georgia standalone (Basel III liquidity)



NET LOANS TO CUSTOMER FUNDS AND DFIS



Track record of strong performance



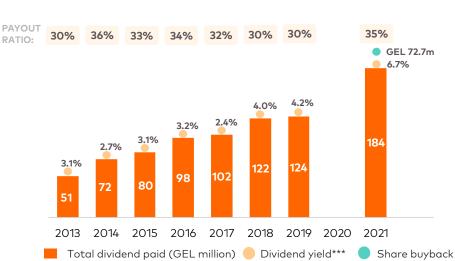




CAPITAL DISTRIBUTION

- Our policy is to maintain regular progressive semi-annual dividend payouts: aiming at a 30-50% dividend/share buyback payout ratio
- Total dividend of GEL 3.81 per ordinary share paid in respect of the Group's 2021 earnings (dividend payout ratio of 25%). In addition, on 30 June 2022, the Board announced the commencement of a GEL 72.7 million share buyback and cancellation programme, bringing the total payout ratio to 35%
- The Board has declared an interim dividend of GEL 1.85 per ordinary share in respect of the period ended 30 June 2022. In addition, after the completion of the current share buyback and cancellation programme, the Board will extend the programme by a further GEL 40 million

^{**} Dividend yield for 2013-2021 is calculated based on the closing price of shares immediately prior to ex-dividend date.



^{*} Adjusted for GEL 30.3m demerger-related costs, a GEL 8.0m demerger-related corporate income tax gain, a GEL 30.3m one-off impact of re-measurement of deferred tax balances and a GEL 3.9m (net of income tax) termination costs of former CEO.

^{**} Adjusted for GEL 14.2m (net of income tax) termination costs of former CEO and executive management.

